## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO CLEVELAND DIVISION

ERIKA WATSON,	:	Case No.
Plaintiff,	: :	Judge
V.	:	
GOWISE USA, LLC,	: :	
Defendant.	:	

**COMES NOW** the Plaintiff, **ERIKA WATSON** (hereafter referred to as "Plaintiff"), by and through her undersigned counsel **JOHNSON BECKER**, **PLLC**, and alleges the following:

## **NATURE OF THE CASE**

1. Defendant GoWise designs, manufactures, markets, imports, distributes and sells consumer kitchen products, including the subject "GoWise Electric Pressure Cooker," which specifically includes the Model Number CYSB130-160B and Item No. GW22637 (referred to hereafter as "pressure cooker(s)") that is at issue in this case.

2. Defendant touts the "safety"<sup>1</sup> of its pressure cookers, and states that they cannot be opened while in use. Despite Defendant's claims of "safety," they designed, manufactured, marketed, imported, distributed and sold, both directly and through third-party retailers, a product

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See, e.g. GoWise Electric Pressure Cooker Owner's manual, pg. 11. ("[T]he small pin on the side of the lid will go in and out, indicating a secure lock."). A copy of the Owner's manual is attached hereto as "Exhibit A".

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that suffers from serious and dangerous defects. Said defects cause significant risk of bodily harm and injury to its consumers.

3. Specifically, said defects manifest themselves when, despite Defendant's statements, the lid of the pressure cooker is removable with built-up pressure, heat and steam still inside the unit. When the lid is removed under such circumstances, the pressure trapped within the unit causes the scalding hot contents to be projected from the unit and into the surrounding area, including onto the unsuspecting consumers, their families and other bystanders. The Plaintiff in this case was able to remove the lid while the pressure cooker retained pressure, causing her serious and substantial bodily injuries and damages.

4. Defendant knew or should have known of these defects but has nevertheless put profit ahead of safety by continuing to sell its pressure cookers to consumers, failing to warn said consumers of the serious risks posed by the defects, and failing to recall the dangerously defective pressure cookers regardless of the risk of significant injuries to Plaintiff and consumers like her.

5. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant GoWise's conduct, the Plaintiff in this case incurred significant and painful bodily injuries, medical expenses, lost wages, physical pain, mental anguish, and diminished enjoyment of life.

#### PLAINTIFF ERIKA WATSON

Plaintiff is a resident and citizen of the city of Cleveland, County of Cuyahoga,
State of Ohio.

7. On or about July 9, 2022 Plaintiff suffered serious and substantial burn injuries as the direct and proximate result of the pressure cooker's lid being able to be rotated and opened while the pressure cooker was still under pressure, during the normal, directed use of the pressure cooker, allowing its scalding hot contents to be forcefully ejected from the pressure cooker and

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onto Plaintiff. The incident occurred as a result of the failure of the pressure cooker's supposed "lock pin,"<sup>2</sup> which purports to keep the consumer safe while using the pressure cooker. In addition, the incident occurred as the result of Defendant's failure to redesign the pressure cooker, despite the existence of economical, safer alternative designs.

## **DEFENDANT GOWISE, LLC.**

8. Defendant GoWise designs, manufactures, markets, imports, distributes and sells a variety of consumer kitchen products including pressure cookers, juicers, coffee makers, and air-fryers, amongst others.

9. Defendant GoWise is an Arizona limited liability company, with a principal place of business is located at 3000 E Chambers St Phoenix, AZ, 85040. Defendant's sole member is Ming's Mark, Inc., which is an Arizona corporation with a principal place of business located at 3550 W Clarendon Ave # E, Phoenix, AZ 85019.

#### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

10. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this case pursuant to diversity jurisdiction prescribed by 28 U.S.C. § 1332 because the matter in controversy exceeds the sum or value of \$75,000, exclusive of interest and costs, and there is complete diversity between the parties.

11. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391 all or a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to this claim occurred in this district.

#### FACTUAL BACKGROUND

12. Defendant GoWise is engaged in the business of designing, manufacturing, warranting, marketing, importing, distributing and selling the pressure cookers at issue in this litigation.

13. Defendant GoWise warrants, markets, advertises and sell its pressure cookers as being equipped with a "lock pin" and that purports to keep the lid from being opened while the unit is pressurized.

14. By reason of the forgoing acts or omissions, the above-named Plaintiff and/or her family purchased the pressure cooker with the reasonable expectation that it was properly designed and manufactured, free from defects of any kind, and that it was safe for its intended, foreseeable use of cooking.

15. Plaintiff used her pressure cooker for its intended purpose of preparing meals for herself and/or family and did so in a manner that was reasonable and foreseeable by the Defendant GoWise.

16. However, the aforementioned pressure cooker was defectively and negligently designed and manufactured by Defendant GoWise in that it failed to properly function as to prevent the lid from being removed with normal force while the unit remained pressurized, despite the appearance that all the pressure had been released, during the ordinary, foreseeable and proper use of cooking food with the product; placing the Plaintiff, her family, and similar consumers in danger while using the pressure cookers.

17. Defendant GoWise's pressure cookers possess defects that make them unreasonably dangerous for their intended use by consumers because the lid can be rotated and opened while the unit remains pressurized.

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18. Further, Defendant GoWise's representations about "safety" are not just misleading, they are flatly wrong, and put innocent consumers like Plaintiff directly in harm's way.

19. Economic, safer alternative designs were available that could have prevented the Pressure Cooker's lid from being rotated and opened while pressurized.

20. Defendant GoWise knew or should have known that its pressure cookers possessed defects that pose a serious safety risk to Plaintiff and the public.

21. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant GoWise's intentional concealment of such defects, its failure to warn consumers of such defects, its negligent misrepresentations, its failure to remove a product with such defects from the stream of commerce, and its negligent design of such products, Plaintiff used an unreasonably dangerous pressure cooker, which resulted in significant and painful bodily injuries upon Plaintiff's simple removal of the lid of the Pressure Cooker.

22. Consequently, the Plaintiff in this case seeks damages resulting from the use of Defendant GoWise's pressure cooker as described above, which has caused the Plaintiff to suffer from serious bodily injuries, medical expenses, physical pain, mental anguish, diminished enjoyment of life, and other damages.

#### **CAUSES OF ACTION**

# <u>CAUSES OF ACTION I – IV</u> DEFECTIVE MANUFACTURING/CONSTRUCTION DEFECTIVE DESIGN/FORMULATION DEFECTIVE WARNING/INSTRUCTION DEFECTIVE DUE TO NONCONFORMITY WITH REPRESENTATION STRICT LIABILITY Pursuant to ORC § 2307.71 *et seq.*

23. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all other paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

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24. At the time of Plaintiff's injuries, Defendant's pressure cookers, including the subject pressure cooker, were defective and unreasonably dangerous for use by foreseeable consumers, including Plaintiff.

25. The subject pressure cooker was in the same or substantially similar condition as when it left the possession of the Defendant.

26. Plaintiff did not misuse or materially alter the subject pressure cooker.

27. The subject pressure cooker did not perform as safely as an ordinary consumer would have expected them to perform when used in a reasonably foreseeable way.

28. Defendant knew or should have known that consumers were able to remove the lid while the pressure cookers were still pressurized, Defendant continued to market (and continues to do so) its pressure cookers to the general public.

29. The Plaintiff in this case reasonably relied on Defendant's representations that its pressure cookers, including the subject pressure cooker, were a safe and effective means of preparing meals.

30. Defendant's pressure cooker is defective in design or formulation. R.C. 2307.75.

Defendant's pressure cooker is defective due to inadequate warning or instruction.
R.C. 2307.76.

32. Defendant's pressure cooker is defective for failing to conform to a representation made by the manufacturer. R.C. 2307.77.

33. Defendant is, or may be, liable as a supplier. R.C. 2307.78.

34. The defective condition of the subject pressure cooker includes, *inter alia*, the following:

- a. The subject pressure cooker designed, manufactured, sold, and supplied by Defendant was defectively designed and placed into the stream of commerce in a defective and unreasonably dangerous condition for consumers;
- b. The seriousness of the potential burn injuries resulting from the product drastically outweighs any benefit that could be derived from its normal, intended use;
- c. Defendant failed to properly market, design, manufacture, distribute, supply, and sell the subject pressure cooker, including pressure cookers similar or identical to the subject pressure cooker, despite having extensive knowledge that the aforementioned injuries could and did occur;
- d. Defendant failed to use due care in designing and manufacturing the subject pressure cooker, including pressure cookers similar or identical to the subject pressure cooker to avoid the aforementioned risks to individuals;
- e. Defendant failed to warn and place adequate warnings and instructions on the subject pressure cooker, including pressure cookers similar or identical to the subject pressure cooker;
- f. Defendant failed to adequately test the subject pressure cooker, including pressure cookers similar or identical to the subject pressure cooker;
- g. Upon information and belief, Defendant failed to market an economically feasible alternative design, despite the existence of economical, safer alternatives, that could have prevented the Plaintiff's injuries and damages; and
- h. Upon information and belief, Defendant also failed to disclose material facts regarding the safety and efficacy of the subject pressure cooker, including pressure cookers similar or identical to the subject pressure cooker, including information regarding their propensity to cause personal injuries.
- 35. Defendant's pressure cooker was defective in that at the time the subject pressure

cooker left the control of Defendant, the foreseeable risks associated with its design or formulation

exceeded the benefits associated with that design or formulation.

36. The subject pressure cooker did not conform to the standards of similar or identical

pressure cookers due to its propensity for the lid to be removed while the unit remains under

pressure

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37. The propensity for the lid to be removed while the unit remains under pressure during its normal, foreseeable use, was not an open and obvious risk.

38. The subject pressure cooker was in an unsafe, defective, and inherently dangerous condition which was unreasonably dangerous to its users and, in particular, Plaintiff.

39. The Defendant in this case had a duty to provide Plaintiff and other consumers with true and accurate information and warnings of any known dangers of the pressure cookers it marketed, distributed and sold.

40. The Defendant in this case knew or should have known, based on prior experience that its representations regarding its pressure cookers were false, and that it had a duty to disclose the dangers associated with their pressure cookers.

41. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's defective pressure cooker, the Plaintiff in this case suffered significant, painful and permanent bodily injuries, physical pain, mental anguish, medical expenses, and overall diminished enjoyment of life. The Defendant in this case is liable for these losses.

## CAUSE OF ACTION V NEGLIGENCE

42. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all other paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

43. Defendant owed a duty of reasonable care to design, manufacture, market, and sell non-defective pressure cookers that are reasonably safe for their intended uses by consumers, such as Plaintiff.

44. Defendant failed to exercise ordinary care in the manufacture, sale, warnings, quality assurance, quality control, distribution, advertising, promotion, sale and marketing of its pressure cookers in that Defendant knew or should have known that said pressure cookers,

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including the subject pressure cooker, created a high risk of unreasonable harm to the Plaintiff and consumers alike due to their propensity for the lid to be removed while the unit remains under pressure.

45. The Defendant in this case was negligent in the design, manufacture, advertising,

warning, marketing, and sale of their pressure cookers, including the subject pressure cooker in

that, inter alia, they:

- a. Failed to properly market, design, manufacture, distribute, supply, and sell the subject pressure cooker, including pressure cookers similar or identical to the subject pressure cooker, despite having extensive knowledge that the aforementioned injuries could and did occur;
- b. Failed to warn and place adequate warnings and instructions on the subject pressure cooker, including pressure cookers similar or identical to the subject pressure cooker;
- c. Failed to adequately test the subject pressure cooker, including pressure cookers similar or identical to the subject pressure cooker;
- d. Failed to use due care in designing and manufacturing the subject pressure cooker, including pressure cookers similar or identical to the subject pressure cooker to avoid the aforementioned risks to individuals;
- e. Placed an unsafe product into the stream of commerce;
- f. Were otherwise careless or negligent.
- 46. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's negligence, the Plaintiff in this case

suffered significant, painful and permanent bodily injuries, physical pain, mental anguish, medical

expenses, and overall diminished enjoyment of life. The Defendant in this case is liable for these

losses.

## CAUSE OF ACTION VI BREACH OF IMPLIED WARRANTIES

47. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all other paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

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48. Defendant manufactured, supplied, and sold their pressure cookers, including the subject pressure cooker, with an implied warranty that they were fit for the particular purpose of cooking quickly, efficiently and safely preparing meals.

49. Members of the consuming public, including consumers such as the Plaintiff, were the intended third-party beneficiaries of these warranties.

50. Defendant's pressure cookers, including the subject pressure cooker, were not fit for the particular purpose as a safe means of cooking meals, due to the unreasonable risks of bodily injury associated with their use.

51. Furthermore, Defendant's pressure cookers, including the subject pressure cooker, were not merchantable and fit for their ordinary purpose, because they have the propensity for the lid to be removed while the unit remains under pressure.

52. The Plaintiff in this case reasonably relied on Defendant's representations that its pressure cookers, including the subject pressure cooker, were fit for the particular purpose of cooking quickly, efficiently, and safely.

53. Additionally, Plaintiff used the subject pressure cooker with the reasonable expectation that it was properly designed and manufactured, free from defects of any kind, and that it was safe for its intended, foreseeable use of cooking quickly, efficiently and safely.

54. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's breach of the aforementioned warranties, the Plaintiff in this case suffered significant, painful and permanent bodily injuries, physical pain, mental anguish, medical expenses and overall diminished enjoyment of life. The Defendant in this case is liable for these loses.

## PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against the Defendant GoWise for damages,

to which she is entitled by law, as well as all costs of this action, to the full extent of the law,

whether arising under the common law and/or statutory law, including:

- a. judgment for Plaintiff and against Defendant GoWise;
- b. damages to compensate Plaintiff for her injuries, economic losses and pain and suffering sustained as a result of the use of the Defendant GoWise's pressure cookers;
- c. pre and post judgment interest at the lawful rate;
- d. a trial by jury on all issues of the case; and
- e. for any other relief as this Court may deem equitable and just, or that may be available under the law of another forum to the extent the law of another forum is applied, including but not limited to all reliefs prayed for in this Complaint and in the foregoing Prayer for Relief.

# JOHNSON BECKER, PLLC

Dated: May 20, 2024

<u>/s/Lisa A. Gorshe, Esq.</u> Lisa A. Gorshe, Esq. Adam J. Kress, Esq. Admission *Pro Hac Vice* to be filed 444 Cedar Street, Suite 1800 St. Paul, MN 55101 (612) 436-1800 (612) 436-1801 (fax) <u>lgorshe@johnsonbecker.com</u> akress@johnsonbecker.com

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